Literary

TRIBUTE

indulgence in disregarding both gross factuality and the need for probing the characters deeper. I spontaneously exempted him from his obligation to depict the conflicts some of his characters were bound to experience at moments of grave transition in their lives - such as what the danseuse Rosie should have gone through when surrendering herself to her promoter Raju, in The Guide. I could almost hear a breezy Narayan muttering with a chuckle, "Well, this is my story some slices of life - I don't care to be pretentious nor do I promise you profundity!"

And rarely did any writer's

Goodbye to Malgudi

RK Narayan cooked no delicacies out of his country's shortcomings, churned out no concoction of realism and erotica, but focused on the little ironies of life, writes

Manoj Das

HE final test of a novel will be our affection for it, as it is the test of our friends and of anything else which we cannot easily define," said EM Forster in his Aspects of the Novel (1927). The statement indeed helped me to sustain my interest in the works of RK Narayan.

My first entry into Narayan's world was through his most popular work, The Guide. I enjoyed reading it, but was undecided on rating it. I was intrigued by the author winking at stark realities while making thousands rush to a severe droughtridden region to see the possible miracle of a 'holy man' bringing down rains - hardly a miracle in a country where Babas produce ashes galore and occasionally a wristwatch at the sleight of hand! How could the authorities deem the location and the occasion fit enough to deserve special trains? In the 1950s, when colas and bottles of mineral water were yet to invade the rural bazaars, what were those picnickers and the curious lot drinking?

But as I read more of Narayan, even though the law of willing suspension of disbelief did not quite operate in me, I felt his flaws and weaknesses overshadowed by a certain uncanny air of innocence, a jovial language go so well with the plane at which he presented his characters and situations. Similes and metaphors gilded them beautifully as they floated across our vista as light clouds.

Narayan's phenomenal popularity could probably be appreciated in the perspective of history. Though a particular genre of pre-Independence Indo-Anglian prose, consisting of works by Sri Aurobindo, Radhakrishnan, Nehru et al, had proved formidable; the stream of creative fiction flowed along a few narrow lines - depicting the miseries of the exploited or projecting the spirit of revolt against the colonial exploiters - as in Mulk Raj Anand or Bhavani Bhattacharya. Something fresh, something different was the need of the hour with the advent of freedom. Narayan pulled apart the screen that kept the wider horizon of Indian life veiled. Pigmy heroes and villains, puny politicos and pardonable hunters of ephemeral happiness, came scampering onto the liberal stage called Malgudi - a motley crowd, fascinating for their naivete and oddities as well as small dreams and modest sacrifices - in the pages of Swami and Friends (his first novel, 1935), Bachelor of Arts (1936), The Dark Room (1938), The English Teacher (1945), Mr Sampath (1949), The Financial Expert (1952), Waiting for the Mahatma (1955), The Guide (1958) and his two collections of stories, An Astrologer's Day and Lawley Road.

Narayan was the first Indian fiction writer to be widely read abroad. That was remarkable, for he cooked no delicacies out of his country's shortcomings; he churned out no concoction of realism and erotica. He focused on the little ironies of life, exaggerated to the permissible degree of caricature and cartooning. Also, he often presented authentic glimpses of South Indian scenes where God, love and life made a smooth collage, as in The English Teacher:



RK Narayan: (1906-2001)

"In the flickering light the image acquired strange shadows and seemed to stir, and make a movement to bless. I watched my wife. She opened her eyes for a moment. They caught the light of camphor flame, and shone with an unearthly brilliance. Her cheeks glowed; the rest of her person

was lost in the shadows of the temple hall. Her lips were moving in prayer. I felt transported at the sight of it. I shut my eyes and prayed: God, bless this child and protect her."

It was Graham Greene who recommended Narayan to publishers in the West in the 30s of the 20th century. Decades later December 1986, it was revealed to me what h struck Greene most in Narayan. Greene happened to read a collection of my short stories, The Submerge Valley (now incorporat Penguin's Selected Fic of Manoj Das) and wr my publisher, Dick Batstone, "I read the stories of Manoj Das w very great pleasure. H will certainly take a pl on my shelves beside t stories of Narayan. I imagine Orissa is far f Malgudi, but there is t same quality in his sto

with perhaps an adder mystery." No doubt there is a world of difference bet the elements of myste Narayan's works and in mine. I firmly belie that there are "more t in heaven and earth tl are dreamt of in your philosophy", whereas is no clear evidence of Narayan believing in matters occult despite character or two of his having supernatural experiences, like his modest hero in The English Teacher who: the apparition of his v but which can very we interpreted as hallucination. Neverth mystery of a kind abou in Narayan - the mil delectable mystery of hopes, anticipations, o things expected and unexpected, with which go on exploring the

lives. But I wonder if the phenomenon of the mi and the good had not to an end; I wonder if another Narayan wou click. Readers of the I fiction in English have been conditioned to ex sophistication, the sor that could be a eupher for titillation. I do not know for how long car keep alive that charm attitude with which Graham Greene viewe Narayan:

moments in our every

"Whom next shall I meet in Malgudi? That the thought that come me when I close a nov Mr. Narayan's. I don't for another novel. I was go out of my doors into those loved and shabb streets and see with excitement and a cert of pleasure a stranger

approaching, past the bank, the cinema, the haircutting saloon, a stranger who will greet me I know with some unexpected and reveal phrase that will open a door into another human existence."

(from the Preface to The Finance Expert)